Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Surprise, Arizona

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

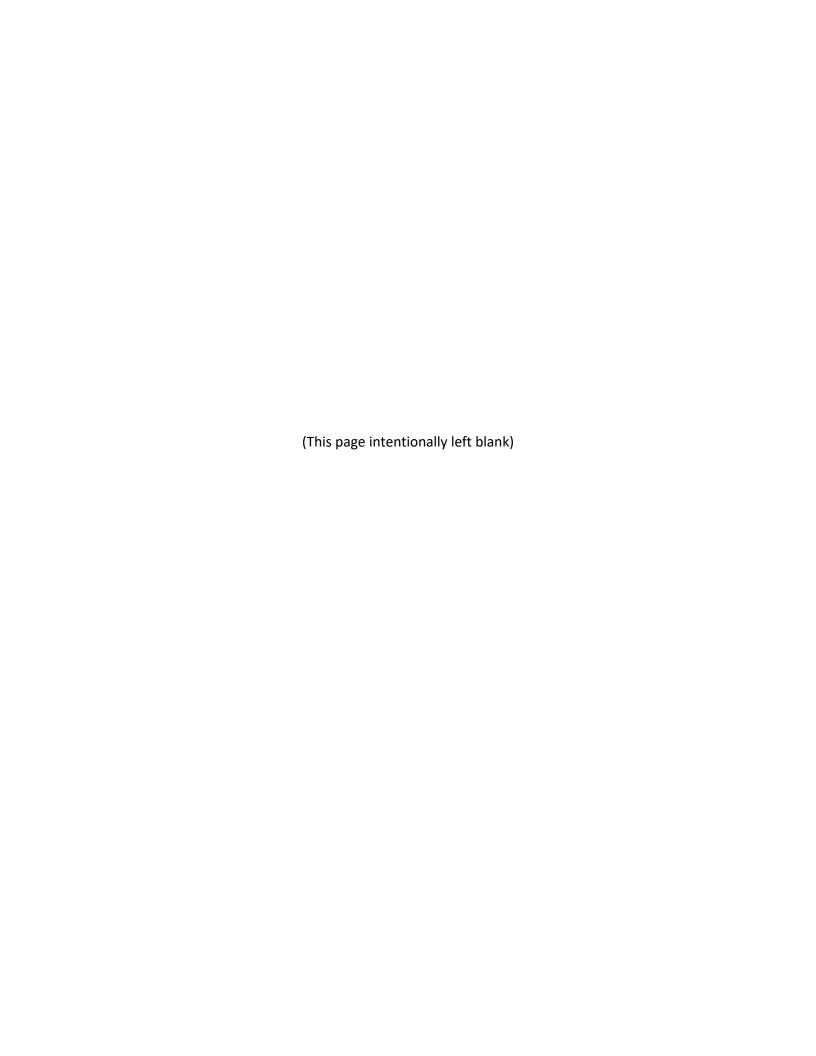
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Table of Contents

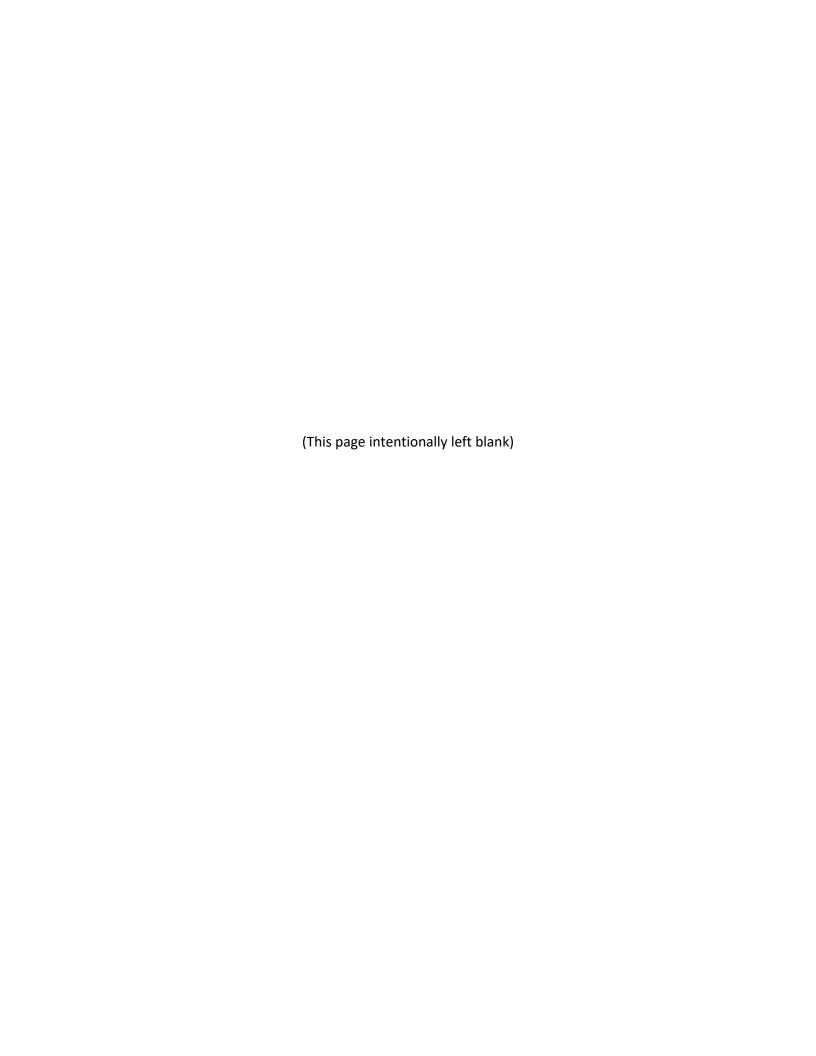
Introductory Section	Page
Letter of Transmittal	1
ASBO Certificate of Excellence	7
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	8
Organization Chart	9
List of Principal Officials	10
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	13
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	19
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Activities	33
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	36
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet –	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	39
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	40
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	42
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	43
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	44
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	45
Notes to Financial Statements	46
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	70
Classroom Site Fund	71
Federal and State Grants Fund	72
Pension Schedules	74
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	76
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – All Non-Major Governmental Funds	82
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
All Non-Major Governmental Funds	83

Table of Contents

Financial Section	Page
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Governmental Funds:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Instructional Improvement	84
Food Service	85
Other Special Revenue Funds	86
Debt Service Fund	87
Other Capital Projects Fund	88
Statistical Section	
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	90
Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue	91
General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position	93
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	95
Governmental Funds Revenues	97
Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio	99
Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	101
Revenue Capacity:	
Net Limited Assessed Value and Full Cash Value of Taxable Property by Class	102
Net Full Cash Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Class	103
Property Tax Assessment Ratios	104
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	105
Principal Property Taxpayers	106
Property Tax Levies and Collections	107
Debt Capacity:	
Outstanding Debt by Type	108
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	109
Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt Ratios	109
Legal Debt Margin Information	110
Demographic and Economic Information:	
County-Wide Demographic and Economic Statistics	111
Principal Employers	112
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type	113
Operating Statistics	115
Capital Assets Information	116









December 7, 2023

Citizens and Governing Board Dysart Unified School District No. 89 15802 North Parkview Place Surprise, Arizona 85374

State law mandates that school districts required to undergo an annual single audit publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the Dysart Unified School District No. 89 (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Power in the Preparation...Excellence in the Journey...Success for a Lifetime...
Governing Board: Chrystal Chaffin, Dawn Densmore, Jo Grant, Christine A.K. Pritchard, Traci Sawyer-Sinkbeil

The District's financial statements have been audited by Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the District

The District is one of 58 public school districts located in Maricopa County, Arizona. It provides a program of public education from preschool through grade twelve, with an average daily membership of 21,798.

The District's Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools. The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, the component unit combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes and the District are not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, food services, bookstore and athletic functions.

Blended Component Units – The Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Employee Benefit Trust (Trust) is governed by a five-member board appointed by the District's Governing Board. Although legally separate from the District, the Trust is reported as an Internal Service Fund as if it were part of the District because its sole purpose is to provide self-insurance for health losses up to certain limits and to purchase insurance for losses above the limits. The component unit does not issue separate financial statements.

The District was established as a one-room schoolhouse in 1920 by Nathaniel Martin Dysart. Today, the District employs over 2,700 staff members and has nearly 22,000 students at 25 schools. The District encompasses approximately 140 square miles and is situated in the central portion of Maricopa County, a northwest suburb of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. The District serves parts of El Mirage, Glendale, Surprise, Youngtown, and Maricopa County and is the ninth largest district in Arizona with an estimated population within the District of approximately 200,000.

The District's demographics evidence a diverse culture as well as continued growth in the area. This growth has created considerable employment in the construction, retail and service sectors, which are replacing Surprise's former agricultural base. Single-family subdivision development has also seen an increase in activity as the market continues to strengthen. The area offers a number of retirement communities that address the needs and lifestyles of active adults. Additionally, Luke Air Force Base, established in 1941, and now the largest fighter pilot training base in the world, is partially located within the District. Luke Air Force Base is an integral part of the Dysart community, stationing more than 4,800 active military personnel and employing over 1,200 civilians.

"A" rated Dysart Schools was voted best Public-School District, and is among the top-rated in the state of Arizona, and is home to 25 preschool, elementary, middle, and high schools and one alternative program. The District has been educating the Northwest Phoenix Metropolitan community since 1920. Dysart is home to the #6 ranked K-8 school and the #22 ranked high school in Arizona. Overall, Dysart has 18 "A" rated and 4 "B" rated schools, many of which out-rank our local counterparts. Boasting a graduation rate that exceeds both the state and national average, the Dysart Unified School District prepares all students to be ready for college and career through excellence and success.

Strong academics, arts, and athletic programs are an integral part of each school, and ensuring students are equipped with the skills necessary to meet the challenges and opportunities in a 21st Century society are at the heart of our mission and vision. Dysart Schools offers one of the largest selections of academic pathways in the state, allowing students a personalized learning experience while meeting Arizona Academic Standards. Opportunities include full-day kindergarten, Career and Technical Education, Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, and gifted and special education programs. The average age of school buildings is 17 years.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Local Economy. The City of Phoenix is the capital and largest city of Arizona and is the county seat as well. Phoenix was founded in 1870 and incorporated in 1881. The city encompasses an area of over 500 square miles. Phoenix is the fifth most populous city in the United States and according to the 2022 population estimates, the population of the city is estimated at over 1.6 million people. The Phoenix metropolitan area is the population and economic activity center of the entire state. Phoenix is one of the leaders in the economics of the Southwestern area of the United States. It enjoys a highly diversified economic base consisting of manufacturing, agriculture, tourism, construction, education, distribution centers, finance and retailing. The Phoenix metropolitan area and the rest of Maricopa County continue to be the fastest growing regional markets in the United States with both population and employment increasing over the last few years at an even greater pace than the U.S. as a whole.

A few of the major companies represented in the Phoenix metropolitan area include the State of Arizona, Arizona State University, University of Arizona, Banner Health Systems, Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., Fry's Food and Drug Stores, Wells Fargo and Company, Dignity Health, and City of Phoenix. In addition, the metropolitan area provides excellent educational and training opportunities through seven community colleges, four private colleges and graduate schools, and one state university.

Maricopa County is located in the south-central portion of Arizona and encompasses an area of approximately 9,226 square miles. Located within the County are the following cities: Avondale, Buckeye, Chandler, El Mirage, Glendale, Goodyear, Litchfield Park, Mesa, Peoria, Phoenix, Scottsdale, Surprise, Tempe and Tolleson; the towns of Carefree, Cave Creek, Fountain Hills, Guadalupe, Gilbert, Paradise Valley, Wickenburg and Youngtown and the unincorporated retirement communities of Sun City and Sun City West, along with several smaller communities. Maricopa County is currently the nation's fourth largest county in terms of population size and the 15th in land area. The County's population is just over four million. Maricopa County has a very wide range of economic sectors supporting its continued economic growth.

Service is the largest employment sector in the County, partly fueled by the tourism industry. The County has excellent accommodations, diverse cultural and recreational activities, and a favorable climate attracting millions to the area annually. Wholesale and retail trade is the second largest employment category, employing over a quarter million people. Other factors aiding economic growth include major expansions of the international airport serving the area, a favorable business climate and the presence of a well-developed and expanding transportation infrastructure.

Long-term Financial Planning. In November 2019, the voters of the District rejected a \$152.5 million bond proposal, which would have funded safety and security upgrades, technology, school renovations, buses, land for a new high school and construction of two elementary schools. Additionally, capital funding from the State of Arizona had been significantly reduced over the last few years. The State implemented a five year phase-in to fully restore District Additional Assistance (DAA) starting in fiscal year 2018-2019 and was completed in 2021-2022. Capital needs, such as curriculum and other instructional equipment will continue to be met with DAA allocation and the remaining available capital fund balances.

In November 2015, the voters of the District approved to increase the existing override and budget limit, which was in its first year of phase out, to 15 percent. The override provided a \$20.7 million budget increase in fiscal year 2019-20 and maintained and restored programs that had been in place with prior year's override approvals. The total amount of the override for fiscal year 2021-22 was \$21.2 million. In November 2020, the voters of the District approved a continuation of the override currently in place. This override will be approved for a period of seven years, but will start phasing out in year five unless a continuation is approved by voters.

Relevant Financial Policies. The Dysart Unified School District utilizes the strategic plan revision process that is reviewed annually to ensure continuity in planning that reflects the learning needs of students and provides a clear road map to achieve outcomes. The strategic plan represents a contract with stakeholders to provide vital educational services and obtain the results the Dysart community identifies as critical to the growth of students. One of these strategies is to identify and maximize available resources for student success. This is accomplished, in part, by improving financial reporting and by enhancing internal control systems, which are regularly evaluated to adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The District maintains budgetary controls as an integral part of its overall system of internal controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions included in the annual expenditure budget adopted by the District's Governing Board. The annual expenditure budget also serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total adopted expenditure budget. Arizona Revised Statutes permits the adopted expenditure budget to be revised annually. The District additionally exercises management control and oversight of the budget at the fund level. The District may have over expenditures of budgeted funds as long as the necessary revenue is earned. The District is not required to prepare an annual budget of revenue; therefore, a deficit budgeted fund balance may be presented.

Awards and Acknowledgments

Awards. The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In addition, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In order to be awarded these certificates, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. These certificates are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the programs' requirements and we are submitting it to ASBO and GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 certificates.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the business and finance department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Governing Board of the District, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

P. Cirtan, Ed. D.

Dr. John Croteau

Superintendent

Marydel Speidell

Assistant Superintendent for Business Services



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Dysart Unified School District 89

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



John W. Hutchison President

for w. Antchori

Siobhán McMahon, CAE
Chief Operations Officer/
Interim Executive Director

Sirkhan M. Muhan



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Arizona

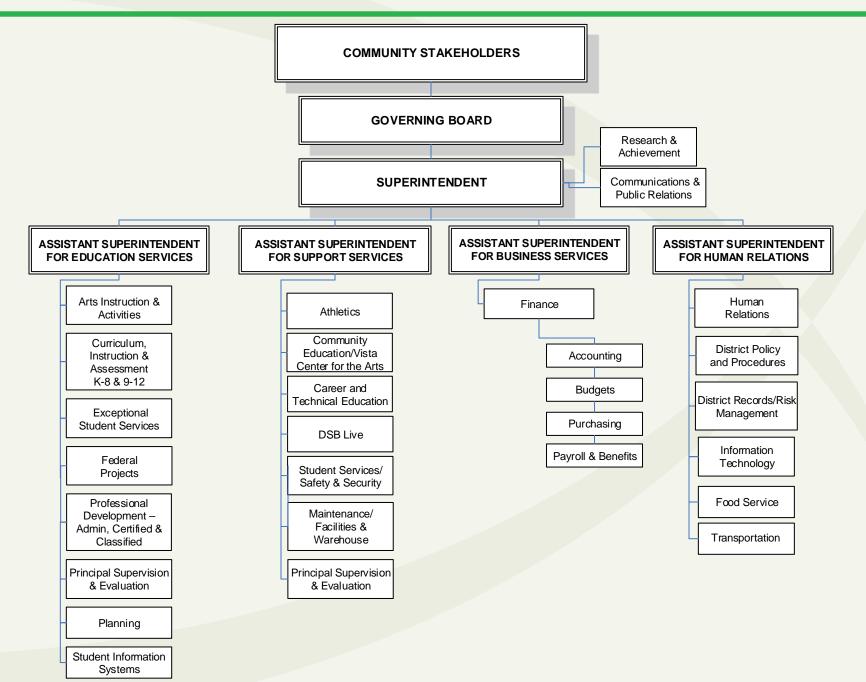
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





List of Principal Officials

Governing Board

Chrystal Chaffin, President

Dawn Densmore, Clerk

Christine A.K. Pritchard, Member

Jennifer Drake, Member

Jo Grant, Member

Administrative Staff

Dr. John Croteau, Superintendent

Mr. Craig Mussi, Assistant Superintendent for Support Services

Mrs. Marydel Speidell, Assistant Superintendent for Business Services

Dr. Shelley Isai, Assistant Superintendent for Education Services

Dr. Stephen Poling, Assistant Superintendent for Human Relations

Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board

Dysart Unified School District No. 89

Report on Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dysart Unified School District No. 89 (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Dysart Unified School District No. 89, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Dysart Unified School District No. 89 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2023, on our consideration of Dysart Unified School District No. 89's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Dysart Unified School District No. 89's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Dysart Unified School District No. 89's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld Meach & Co. PC

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. Scottsdale, Arizona December 7, 2023 (This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

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As management of the Dysart Unified School District No. 89 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total net position of governmental activities increased \$27.8 million which represents a 13 percent increase from the prior fiscal year primarily due to an increase in unrestricted state aid resulting from an increase in base level funding.
- General revenues accounted for \$240.3 million in revenue, or 77 percent of all current fiscal year revenues. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$71.5 million or 23 percent of total current fiscal year revenues.
- The District had approximately \$284.0 million in expenses related to governmental activities, an increase of six percent from the prior fiscal year.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$205.0 million current fiscal year revenues, which primarily consisted of state aid and property taxes, and \$200.4 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$30.2 million at the prior fiscal year end to \$34.2 million at the end of the current fiscal year.
- Net position for the Internal Service Fund increased \$2.6 million from the prior fiscal year, to a net position of \$8.7 million as of year end, as a result of an increase in contributions and a decrease in claims expense.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, student transportation services, operation of non-instructional services, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Overview of Financial Statements

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Classroom Site, Federal and State Grants, Debt Service, and Other Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service fund to account for its employee benefit trust. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Employee Benefit Trust, although a legally separate component unit, functions for all employees of the District, and therefore has been included as an internal service fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process and pension plan. The District adopts an annual expenditure budget for all governmental funds. A schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances — budget and actual has been provided for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds as required supplementary information. Schedules for the pension plan have also been provided as required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$243.2 million at the current fiscal year end.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. In addition, a portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	As of As of	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Current assets	\$ 126,748,621	\$ 105,530,153
Capital assets, net	406,780,682	403,338,146
Total assets	533,529,303	508,868,299
Deferred outflows	34,410,771	46,624,060
Current and other liabilities	22,398,310	19,525,176
Long-term liabilities	295,783,789	272,865,469
Total liabilities	318,182,099	292,390,645
Deferred inflows	6,602,228	47,702,063
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	304,785,554	286,312,014
Restricted	43,682,637	36,215,423
Unrestricted	(105,312,444)	(107,127,786)
Total net position	\$ 243,155,747	\$ 215,399,651

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported positive balances in two categories of net position. Unrestricted net position, which is normally used to meet the District's mission reported a deficit of \$105.3 million. The deficit is due to the District's proportionate share of the state pension plan's unfunded liability. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- The principal retirement of \$13.5 million in general obligation bonds.
- The net pension liability increased \$38.9 million.
- Capital asset additions of \$17.5 million.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$311.7 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$284.0 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	Ended Ended	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 17,639,369	\$ 11,386,638
Operating grants and contributions	43,879,783	50,949,534
Capital grants and contributions	9,941,270	4,918,140
General revenues:		
Property taxes	89,390,088	84,847,439
Investment income	849,764	431,977
Unrestricted county aid		9,036,864
Unrestricted state aid	147,067,129	123,636,662
Unrestricted federal aid	2,952,234	3,154,317
Total revenues	311,719,637	288,361,571
Expenses:		
Instruction	156,071,159	151,528,824
Support services - students and staff	39,380,415	34,989,953
Support services - administration	25,787,566	22,313,238
Operation and maintenance of plant services	25,945,255	24,370,785
Student transportation services	14,616,543	12,848,201
Operation of non-instructional services	18,759,463	18,436,840
Interest on long-term debt	3,403,140	3,967,163
Total expenses	283,963,541	268,455,004
Changes in net position	27,756,096	19,906,567
Net position, beginning	215,399,651	195,493,084
Net position, ending	\$ 243,155,747	\$ 215,399,651

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Interest on Operation of nonlong-term debt Student instructional services 1% transportation 7% services 5% Operation and maintenance of plant services 9% Instruction 55% Support services administration9% Support services students and staff 14%

Expenses - Fiscal Year 2023

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the change in net position.

- Increase in unrestricted state aid of \$23.4 million due to an increase in base level funding.
- Decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$7.1 million and increase in charges for services of \$6.3 million primarily due to the expiration of the nationwide waivers in response to the COVID-19 pandemic that provided free meals to students under the Summer Food Service Program.
- Increase in capital grants and contributions of \$5.0 million due to various school improvement projects funded through the School Facilities Oversight Board.

The following table presents the cost of the District's major functional activities. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Year Ended June 30, 2023		Year Ended June 30, 2022	
	Total	Net (Expense)/	Total	Net (Expense)/
	Expenses	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue
Instruction	\$ 156,071,159	\$(120,611,762)	\$ 151,528,824	\$(118,895,495)
Support services - students and staff	39,380,415	(36,804,778)	34,989,953	(31,176,607)
Support services - administration	25,787,566	(24,808,436)	22,313,238	(21,331,737)
Operation and maintenance of				
plant services	25,945,255	(17,837,019)	24,370,785	(21,091,323)
Student transportation services	14,616,543	(14,382,967)	12,848,201	(12,571,882)
Operation of non-instructional				
services	18,759,463	5,344,983	18,436,840	7,833,515
Interest on long-term debt	3,403,140	(3,403,140)	3,967,163	(3,967,163)
Total	\$ 283,963,541	\$(212,503,119)	\$ 268,455,004	\$(201,200,692)

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$284.0 million.
- Federal and State governments and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$71.5 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$212.5 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes of \$89.4 million and state aid of \$147.1 million.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$74.3 million, an increase of \$22.6 million.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The General Fund comprises 46 percent of the total fund balance. Approximately \$32.3 million, or 95 percent of the General Fund's fund balance is unassigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The fund balance increased \$3.9 million to \$34.2 million at the end of the fiscal year. General Fund revenues increased 10 percent while expenditures increased seven percent as a result of an increase in state equalization assistance.

The Classroom Site Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$5.5 million due to an increase in the amount of funding received per pupil.

Revenues within the Federal and State Grants Fund of \$42.6 million exceeded expenditures of \$34.1 million leading to an increase in fund balance of \$8.1 million to a deficit of \$844,681. Outstanding grant reimbursements will relieve the deficit during fiscal year 2023-24.

Fund balance in the Debt Service Fund increased \$395,063 to \$1.0 million to meet continuing debt service requirements.

Proprietary funds. Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$8.7 million, an increase of \$2.6 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily as a result of an increase in contributions and a decrease in claims expense.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District increased the General Fund annual expenditure budget by three percent. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$6.1 million.

Significant variances for the final amended budget and actual revenues resulted from the District not being required by the State of Arizona to prepare a revenue budget. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant expenditure variances are summarized as follows:

- The favorable variance of \$4.4 million in instruction was primarily due to budgeted positions that remained unfilled during the year and contingency budgeting.
- The favorable variance of \$1.9 million in student transportation services can be primarily attributed to budgeted positions that remained unfilled during the year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At year end, the District had invested \$591.7 million in capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and other vehicles, computers, and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase prior to depreciation of \$16.7 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to various school improvements. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$13.9 million.

The following schedule presents a summary of capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	As of			As of	
	June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	\$	62,974,646	Ç	5	59,299,476
Capital assets - depreciable, net		343,806,036			344,038,670
Total	\$	406,780,682	Ç)	403,338,146

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7.

Debt Administration. At year end, the District had \$106.1 million in long-term debt outstanding, \$15.6 million due within one year. Long-term debt decreased by \$16.0 million due primarily to the retirement of bonds.

The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds (30 percent of the total net full cash assessed valuation) and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds (the greater of 20 percent of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student). The current total debt limitation for the District is \$748.7 million and the Class B debt limit is \$499.1 million, which are more than the District's total outstanding general obligation and Class B debt, respectively. The District currently maintains a bond rating of 'AA' from Fitch Ratings and 'A+' from Standard and Poor's.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 9 through 11.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2023-24 budget. Among them:

- Fiscal year 2022-23 budget balance carry forward (\$8.8 million).
- District student population (estimated 21,600).
- Allocation of a one-time State Aid Supplement of approximately \$6.1 million.

Also considered in the development of the budget is the local economy and inflation of the surrounding area.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund increased four percent to \$196.2 million in fiscal year 2023-24. State aid and property taxes are expected to be the primary funding sources.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business and Finance Department, Dysart Unified School District No. 89, 15802 North Parkview Place, Surprise, Arizona 85374.

Basic Financial Statements

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Government-Wide Financial Statements

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets Current assets: \$83,091,080 Property taxes receivable 1,143,252 Accounts receivable 34,208 Due from governmental entities 37,536,988 Prepaid items 2,852,655 Inventory 70,066 Deposits 262,985 Leases receivable 1,757,387 Total current assets 126,748,621 Noncurrent assets: 2 Capital assets not being depreciated 62,974,646 Capital assets, net accumulated depreciation 343,806,036 Total noncurrent assets 406,780,682 Total assets 533,529,303 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources 34,410,771 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 9,240,668 Claims payable		Governmental
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Financed purchases payable Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Total current liabilities Non-current portion of long-term obligations Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items Leases Total deferred inflows of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Instruction Food service Non-instructional purposes Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay Unrestricted 1,412,754 14,145,000 14,145,000 278,848,566 278,848,566 318,182,099 278,848,566 318,182,099 278,848,566 4,875,898		•
Bonds payable 14,145,000 Accrued interest payable 1,658,350 Total current liabilities 39,333,533 Noncurrent liabilities: Non-current portion of long-term obligations 278,848,566 Total noncurrent liabilities 278,848,566 Total liabilities 318,182,099 Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items 4,875,898 Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position Net investment in capital assets 304,785,554 Restricted for: Instruction 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	• •	•
Accrued interest payable Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Non-current portion of long-term obligations Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Instruction Food service Non-instructional purposes Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay Unrestricted 1,658,350 39,333,533 278,848,566 278,848,566 318,182,099 4,875,898 4,875,89		
Noncurrent liabilities: Non-current portion of long-term obligations Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities 278,848,566 Total liabilities 318,182,099 Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Instruction Food service Non-instructional purposes Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted 278,848,566 278,848,566 318,182,099 4,875,898	• •	·
Non-current portion of long-term obligations Total noncurrent liabilities 278,848,566 Total liabilities 318,182,099 Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Instruction Food service Non-instructional purposes Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted 278,848,566 318,182,099 4,875,898 4,875,8	Total current liabilities	39,333,533
Total noncurrent liabilities 278,848,566 Total liabilities 318,182,099 Deferred inflows of resources 4,875,898 Pension plan items 4,875,898 Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position 8 Net investment in capital assets 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Noncurrent liabilities:	
Total liabilities 318,182,099 Deferred inflows of resources 4,875,898 Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Non-current portion of long-term obligations	278,848,566
Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan items 4,875,898 Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Total noncurrent liabilities	278,848,566
Pension plan items 4,875,898 Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position Net investment in capital assets 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Total liabilities	318,182,099
Leases 1,726,330 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,602,228 Net position 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Deferred inflows of resources	
Net position 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Pension plan items	4,875,898
Net position Net investment in capital assets 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Instruction 27,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Leases	1,726,330
Net investment in capital assets 304,785,554 Restricted for: 27,090,823 Instruction 27,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	Total deferred inflows of resources	6,602,228
Restricted for: 27,090,823 Instruction 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	•	
Instruction 27,090,823 Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	•	304,785,554
Food service 7,897,612 Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)		27 000 022
Non-instructional purposes 6,695,019 Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)		
Debt service 1,089,407 Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)		
Capital outlay 909,776 Unrestricted (105,312,444)	·	
Unrestricted (105,312,444)		
	•	•
	Total net position	\$ 243,155,747

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense)

									Revenue and
									Changes in Net
				Program Revenue					Position
					Ope	erating Grants	Ca	pital Grants	
				Charges for		and		and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities		-							-
Instruction	\$	156,071,159	\$	2,703,125	\$	30,690,643	\$	2,065,629	\$ (120,611,762)
Support services - students and staff		39,380,415				2,575,637			(36,804,778)
Support services - administration		25,787,566				979,130			(24,808,436)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		25,945,255				232,595		7,875,641	(17,837,019)
Student transportation services		14,616,543				233,576			(14,382,967)
Operation of non-instructional services		18,759,463		14,936,244		9,168,202			5,344,983
Interest on long-term debt		3,403,140							(3,403,140)
Total governmental activities	\$	283,963,541	\$	17,639,369	\$	43,879,783	\$	9,941,270	(212,503,119)
	Ge	neral revenues							
	1	Property taxes							89,390,088
		nvestment inco	me						849,764
	ı	Jnrestricted sta	ite a	aid					147,067,129
	ı	Jnrestricted fed	dera	l aid					2,952,234
		Total general	rev	enues					240,259,215
	Ch	anges in net po	siti	on					27,756,096
	Ne	t position, beg	inni	ng of year					215,399,651
	Ne	t position, end	of y	/ear					\$ 243,155,747

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Fund Financial Statements

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

					ederal and		
	 General	Cla	assroom Site	S	tate Grants	D	ebt Service
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 16,110,547	\$	18,909,612	\$		\$	16,678,951
Property taxes receivable	929,446						213,806
Due from governmental entities	25,610,374				6,305,384		
Due from other funds	1,902,892						
Prepaid items	1,865,306						
Inventory							
Deposits							
Leases receivable	 1,757,387						
Total assets	\$ 48,175,952	\$	18,909,612	\$	6,305,384	\$	16,892,757
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 3,189,159	\$		\$	324,695	\$	
Due to other funds					1,902,892		
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	8,704,875		777,229		1,502,878		
Unearned revenues							
Bonds payable							14,145,000
Bond interest payable	 						1,658,350
Total liabilities	 11,894,034		777,229		3,730,465		15,803,350
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	405,144						89,122
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental					3,419,600		
Leases	 1,726,330						
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,131,474			_	3,419,600		89,122
Fund balances							
Nonspendable	1,865,306						
Restricted			18,132,383				1,000,285
Unassigned	32,285,138		•		(844,681)		•
Total fund balances	34,150,444		18,132,383		(844,681)		1,000,285
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances	\$ 48,175,952	\$	18,909,612	\$	6,305,384	\$	16,892,757

		ı	Non-Major		Total			
Ot	her Capital	G	overnmental	G	Governmental			
	Projects		Funds		Funds			
\$	1,468,256	\$	20,704,515	\$	73,871,881			
					1,143,252			
	4,424,068		1,197,162		37,536,988			
					1,902,892			
					1,865,306			
			70,066		70,066			
			262,985		262,985			
				_	1,757,387			
\$	5,892,324	\$	22,234,728	\$	118,410,757			
			744.000		0.040.550			
\$	4,982,548	\$	744,266	\$	9,240,668			
			227.066		1,902,892			
			327,866		11,312,848			
			186,444		186,444			
					14,145,000 1,658,350			
	4 002 540		1 250 576					
	4,982,548		1,258,576		38,446,202			
					494,266			
					3,419,600			
					1,726,330			
·	_	<u> </u>			5,640,196			
					_			
			70,066		1,935,372			
	909,776		20,906,086		40,948,530			
					31,440,457			
	909,776		20,976,152		74,324,359			
\$	5,892,324	\$	22,234,728	\$	118,410,757			

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Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	74,324,359
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 591,698,304 (184,917,622)		406,780,682
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.			400,760,062
Property taxes Intergovernmental	494,266 3,419,600		2 042 055
Deferred items related to the refunding of bonds are amortized over the life of the associated bond issue in the government-wide statements			3,913,866
but not reported in the funds.			4,121,102
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	30,289,669		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(4,875,898)		25,413,771
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the			, ,
Internal Service Fund are included in the Statement of Net Position.			8,727,439
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences payable	(3,047,199)		
Financed purchases payable Bonds payable	(17,023,069) (74,948,161)		
Net pension liability	(185,107,043)		
		(280,125,472)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	243,155,747

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					1	Federal and		
		General	Cla	assroom Site	9	State Grants	D	ebt Service
Revenues								
Other local	\$	4,043,257	\$	280,820	\$	15,757	\$	193,194
Property taxes		71,830,097						17,666,569
State aid and grants		126,127,434		19,338,193		2,630,323		
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements		2,952,234				40,003,237		
Total revenues	_	204,953,022		19,619,013		42,649,317		17,859,763
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		102,752,538		13,989,228		20,297,685		
Support services - students and staff		28,927,074		148,227		7,869,780		
Support services - administration		19,911,492				2,991,703		
Operation and maintenance of plant services		22,116,727				710,686		
Student transportation services		11,274,783				713,684		
Operation of non-instructional services		1,106,601				796,665		
Capital outlay		14,305,291				753,647		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement								14,145,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		_		_	3,319,700
Total expenditures		200,394,506		14,137,455		34,133,850		17,464,700
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,558,516		5,481,558		8,515,467		395,063
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		489,235						
Transfers out		(1,598,444)				(404,169)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		471,158						
Total other financing sources (uses)		(638,051)			_	(404,169)		
Changes in fund balances		3,920,465		5,481,558		8,111,298		395,063
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	30,229,979	_	12,650,825	_	(8,955,979)		605,222
Fund balances, end of year	\$	34,150,444	\$	18,132,383	\$	(844,681)	\$	1,000,285

		١	Non-Major	Total					
0	ther Capital	G	overnmental	Governmental					
	Projects		Funds	Funds					
	_		_						
\$	55,496	\$	14,980,870	\$	19,569,394				
					89,496,666				
	7,875,641		1,672,885		157,644,476				
			8,907,468		51,862,939				
	7,931,137		25,561,223	_	318,573,475				
			1,691,416		138,730,867				
			812,896		37,757,977				
			255,680		23,158,875				
			1,044,362		23,871,775				
			144,635		12,133,102				
			16,253,673		18,156,939				
	8,396,325		109,136		23,564,399				
	1,334,987				15,479,987				
	263,457				3,583,157				
	9,994,769		20,311,798	_	296,437,078				
	(2,063,632)		5,249,425		22,136,397				
	1,598,444				2,087,679				
			(85,066)		(2,087,679)				
					471,158				
	1,598,444		(85,066)		471,158				
	(465,188)		5,164,359		22,607,555				
	1,374,964		15,811,793		51,716,804				
\$	909,776	\$	20,976,152	\$	74,324,359				

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 22,607,555
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation/amortization	\$ 17,468,753 (13,856,561)	3,612,192
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		3,012,192
Property taxes Intergovernmental	(106,578) (7,346,823)	(7,453,401)
Repayments of long-term debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(7,433,401)
Financed purchase principal retirement Bond principal retirement	1,334,987 14,145,000	15,479,987
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension liability, adjusted for deferred items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		13,473,367
Current year pension contributions Pension expense	16,833,355 (25,446,095)	(0.542.740)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(8,612,740)
Deferred bond items on issuance of refunding debt Loss on disposal of assets Amortization of deferred bond items	(994,841) (169,656) 1,174,858	
Compensated absences	(507,339)	(496,978)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to the individual funds. The changes in net position of the Internal Service Fund		
is reported with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.		2,619,481
Changes in net position in governmental activities		\$ 27,756,096

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	G	Governmental			
		Activities			
	Int	ernal Service			
		Funds			
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	9,219,199			
Accounts receivable		34,208			
Prepaid items		987,349			
Total current assets		10,240,756			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Claims payable		927,469			
Total current liabilities		927,469			
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Non-current portion of long-term obligations		585,848			
Total noncurrent liabilities		585,848			
Total liabilities		1,513,317			
Net position					
Unrestricted		8,727,439			
Total net position	\$	8,727,439			

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Go	overnmental
		Activities
	Int	ernal Service
		Funds
Operating revenues		
Contributions	\$	17,653,042
Total operating revenues		17,653,042
Operating expenses		
Claims		11,221,207
Premiums		3,836,749
Administrative fees		104,010
Total operating expenses		15,161,966
Operating income (loss)		2,491,076
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Investment income		128,405
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		128,405
Changes in net position		2,619,481
Total net position, beginning of year		6,107,958
Total net position, end of year	\$	8,727,439

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	G	overnmental
		Activities
	Int	ernal Service
		Funds
Increase/Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from contributions	\$	17,668,918
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(4,020,963)
Cash payments for claims		(11,640,282)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities		2,007,673
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment income		128,405
Net cash provided by/used for investing activities		128,405
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		2,136,078
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,083,121
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,219,199
Reconciliation of Operating Income/Loss to Net Cash Provided by/Used for Operating	ting	<u>Activities</u>
Operating income/loss	\$	2,491,076
Adjustments to reconcile operating income/loss		
to net cash provided by/used for operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase/decrease in accounts receivable		15,876
Increase/decrease in prepaid items		(80,204)
Increase/decrease in claims payable		(419,075)
Total adjustments		(483,403)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities	\$	2,007,673

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Dysart Unified School District No. 89 (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This Statement increases the usefulness of the financial statements by requiring the recognition of certain assets and liabilities for SBITAs. This Statement also requires a government to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The District's analysis of SBITAs in effect at the beginning of the year resulted in no changes to beginning balances reported in the financial statements due to the implementation of this standard.

In addition, during the year the District consolidated individual reporting funds that were presented separately in the prior year financial statements. The consolidated funds include the Federal and State Grants Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund, and Other Capital Projects Fund.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, the component unit combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes and the District are not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, food services, bookstore, and athletic functions.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the District's operations. The Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Employee Benefit Trust is responsible for providing health insurance for the District's employees. The District's Governing Board appoints the Trust's Governing Board. The Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Employee Benefit Trust provides services entirely to the District and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund in accordance with the criteria established by GASB.

The component unit is an internal service fund and does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to programs of functions. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted federal, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> — The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles the District applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments. Property tax resources are provided in the Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the current period. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state aid, tuition and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider, and when students pay for meals in advance.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operation except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the District's Maintenance and Operation Fund and the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund, as well as the certain activities budgeted in separate funds in accordance with A.R.S. These funds are maintained as separate funds for budgetary purposes but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in the financial statements.

<u>Classroom Site Fund</u> — The Classroom Site Fund accounts for the financial activity for the portion of state sales tax collections and permanent state school fund earnings as approved by the voters in 2000.

<u>Federal and State Grants</u> – The Federal and State Grants accounts for financial assistance received for federal and state grants and projects.

<u>Debt Service</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Other Capital Projects</u> — The Other Capital Projects accounts for the revenues and expenditures of other capital projects activities, including the following: energy and water savings and building renewal grant.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> – The Proprietary Fund is an Internal Service Fund that accounts for activities related to the District's self-insurance program.

The Proprietary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting and are presented in a single column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service funds are charges for health and welfare benefits. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of employee benefits and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year end were cash and investments held by the County Treasurer.

A.R.S. require the District to deposit all cash with the County Treasurer, except as discussed below. Cash with the County Treasurer is pooled for investment purposes, except for cash of the Debt Service and Bond Building Funds that may be invested separately. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled monies is allocated to each of the District's funds based on their average balances. As required by statute, interest earnings of the Bond Building Fund are recorded initially in that fund, but then transferred to the Debt Service Fund. All investments are stated at fair value.

Statute authorizes the District to separately invest monies of the Bond Building and Debt Service Funds in the State Treasurer's investment pools; obligations issued and guaranteed by the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds and notes; and interest bearing savings accounts or certificates of deposit.

Statute authorizes the District to deposit monies of the Auxiliary Operations and Student Activities Funds in bank accounts. Monies in these funds may also be invested. In addition, statute authorizes the District to maintain various bank accounts such as clearing accounts to temporarily deposit receipts before they are transmitted to the County Treasurer; revolving accounts to pay minor disbursements; and withholdings accounts for taxes and employee insurance programs. Some of these bank accounts may be interest bearing.

Statute does not include any requirements for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk. Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable federal depository insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments. Investment income is included in other local revenue in the fund financial statements and in nonoperating revenues in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The county levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the food services inventory consists primarily of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market prices paid by the USDA.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements; buildings and improvements; vehicles, furniture and equipment; construction in progress; and intangible right-to-use assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the underlying asset's useful life. The estimated useful lives and amortization periods are as follows:

Land improvements10 - 50 yearsBuildings and improvements10 - 50 yearsVehicles, furniture and equipment5 - 20 years

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Compensated Absences

The District's employee vacation and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay in varying amounts. Only benefits considered vested are recognized in the financial statements. The liability for vacation and sick leave is reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

M. Leases

As lessor, the District recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the District charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the District uses an interest rate based on the Applicable Federal Rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Q. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of committed fund balance, accordingly, no committed fund balance amounts are reported.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Governing Board or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of assigned fund balance, accordingly, no assigned fund balance amounts are reported.

Note 2 – Fund Balance Classifications

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The table below provides detail of the major components of the District's fund balance classifications at year end.

										ı	Non-Major
				F	ederal and			Oth	ner Capital	Go	vernmental
	General	Cla	assroom Site	St	tate Grants	De	ebt Service	F	Projects		Funds
Fund Balances:	_		_		_						
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	70,066
Prepaid items	1,865,306										
Restricted:											
Debt service							1,000,285				
Capital projects									909,776		
Voter approved initiatives			18,132,383								3,286,231
Food service											7,827,546
Civic center											864,305
Community schools											5,754,623
Extracurricular activities											848,166
Career Technical Education											1,138,892
Student activities											1,022,535
Other purposes											163,788
Unassigned	 32,285,138				(844,681)						
Total fund balances	\$ 34,150,444	\$	18,132,383	\$	(844,681)	\$	1,000,285	\$	909,776	\$	20,976,152

Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

<u>Individual Deficit Fund Balance</u> – At year end, the Federal and State Grants Fund reported a deficit of \$844,681 in fund balance.

The deficit arose because of pending grant reimbursements. Additional revenues received in fiscal year 2023-24 are expected to eliminate the deficits.

<u>Excess Expenditures Over Budget</u> – At year end the District had expenditures in funds that exceeded the budgets, however this does not constitute a violation of any legal provisions.

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$294,492 and the bank balance was \$6,172,896. At year end, \$4,922,896 of the District's deposits were covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

The County Treasurer's pool and the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust Pool are external investment pools with no regulatory oversight. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participant's position in both of the investment pools approximate the value of the participant's shares in the pools and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

Valuation Techniques. Money market securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

All investments in which the fair value hierarchy is applicable are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Maturities	 Fair Value	Category
Money Market	N/A	\$ 329,402	Level 1
County Treasurer's investment pool	469 days	81,585,676	Not Applicable
Arizona School Risk Retention Trust invesment pool	289 days	 881,510	Not Applicable
Total		\$ 82,796,588	

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the District's investment in the County Treasurer's and Arizona School Risk Retention Trust investment pools did not receive a credit quality rating from a national rating agency.

Custodial Credit Risk — Investments. The District's investment in the County Treasurer's investment pool and the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust Investment Pool represent a proportionate interest in the applicable pool's portfolio; however, the District's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectibles, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of due from governmental entities. Due from governmental entities, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, were as follows:

						Ν	Ion-Major
		F	ederal and	Of	ther Capital	Go	vernmental
	 General	St	ate Grants		Projects		Funds
Due from other governmental entities:							
Due from federal government	\$	\$	6,257,744	\$		\$	22,458
Due from state government	 25,610,374		47,640		4,424,068		1,174,704
Net due from governmental entities	\$ 25,610,374	\$	6,305,384	\$	4,424,068	\$	1,197,162

Note 6 – Leases Receivable

The District acts as lessor in various agreements, most of which are for cell phone towers under the provisions of contracts classified as leases. The related receivables under the lease agreements have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Lease revenue of \$202,687 and related interest revenue of \$3,295 are recorded as other local revenue in the General Fund.

Future revenues to be received under the lease agreements at year end are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 176,049
2025	150,671
2026	141,887
2027	142,232
2028	130,514
2029-33	622,986
2034-37	 343,761
Total	\$ 1,708,100

Note 7 – Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

		Beginning				Ending
Governmental Activities		Balance		Increase	 Decrease	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	56,965,561	\$		\$	\$ 56,965,561
Construction in progress		2,333,915		8,865,899	 5,190,729	 6,009,085
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		59,299,476		8,865,899	 5,190,729	 62,974,646
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements		13,120,225		5,171,773	5,546	18,286,452
Buildings and improvements		465,280,858		6,107,102		471,387,960
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		37,309,647		2,514,708	 775,109	 39,049,246
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	515,710,730		13,793,583	 780,655	 528,723,658
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		(7,931,808)		(639,644)	(5,084)	(8,566,368)
Buildings and improvements		(137,659,176)		(10,731,914)		(148,391,090)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	_	(26,081,076)		(2,485,003)	 (605,915)	 (27,960,164)
Total accumulated depreciation		(171,672,060)		(13,856,561)	 (610,999)	 (184,917,622)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	344,038,670	_	(62,978)	 169,656	 343,806,036
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	403,338,146	\$	8,802,921	\$ 5,360,385	\$ 406,780,682

Note 7 – Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 10,119,838
Support services – students and staff	205,200
Support services – administration	836,351
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,475,309
Student transportation services	1,079,345
Operation of non-instructional services	 140,518
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 13,856,561

<u>Construction Commitment</u> — At year end, the District had contractual commitments related to building renovations at various school sites. At year end, the District had spent \$6.0 million on the projects and had an estimated remaining contractual commitments of \$17.7 million. These projects are being funded with monies from the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund, Building Renewal Grant Fund, and Federal and State Grants Fund.

Note 8 – Revolving Line of Credit

The District has a revolving line of credit to provide cash flow during the year to mitigate the impact of timing differences of expenditures and the receipt of state aid and property tax revenues. At year end, the District had \$20.0 million in unused line of credit.

Note 9 – Financed Purchases Payable

The District has acquired energy conservation equipment under the provisions of a contract classified as a financed purchase payable. Revenues from the Other Capital Projects Fund are used to pay the debt obligation. Revenues from the General Fund are transferred to the Other Capital Projects Fund to pay the debt obligations when due.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on financed purchases payable at year end are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year ending June 30:		Principal	Interest			
2024	\$	1,412,754	\$	243,673		
2025		1,493,637		222,742		
2026		1,577,753		200,617		
2027		1,665,217		177,252		
2028		1,756,152		152,596		
2029-33		9,117,556		344,300		
Total	\$	17,023,069	\$	1,341,180		

Note 10 – General Obligation Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at year end, consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt. The District's legal debt limit is \$748.7 million and the available margin is \$665.1 million.

	Original			(Outstanding		
	Amount	Interest	Remaining		Principal	ı	Due Within
Purpose	 Issued	Rates	Maturities	Ju	ne 30, 2023		One Year
Governmental activities:							
Refunding Bonds, Series 2004	\$ 15,955,000	5.50%	7/1/23	\$	3,410,000	\$	3,410,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	49,550,000	4.00 - 5.00%	7/1/23-28		31,700,000		4,835,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	74,865,000	3.00 - 4.00%	7/1/23-27		48,460,000		5,900,000
Total				\$	83,570,000	\$	14,145,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year end, are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
Year ending June 30:		Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	14,145,000	\$	3,577,990		
2025		15,015,000		2,425,275		
2026	15,695,000			1,880,425		
2027		16,180,000		1,278,250		
2028		14,765,000		623,300		
2029-32		7,770,000		155,400		
Total	\$	83,570,000	\$	9,940,640		

Note 11 – Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending		Due Within	
	Balance		 Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	97,086,000	\$	\$	13,516,000	\$	83,570,000	\$	14,145,000	
Premium		6,698,019	 		1,174,858		5,523,161			
Total bonds payable		103,784,019	 		14,690,858		89,093,161		14,145,000	
Financed purchases payable		18,358,056			1,334,987		17,023,069		1,412,754	
Net pension liability		146,251,142	38,855,901				185,107,043			
Claims payable		1,932,392			419,075		1,513,317		927,469	
Compensated absences payable		2,539,860	 2,727,071		2,219,732		3,047,199		450,000	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	272,865,469	\$ 41,582,972	\$	18,664,652	\$	295,783,789	\$	16,935,223	

Note 12 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At year end, interfund balances were as follows:

Due to/from other funds – At year end, the Federal and State Grants Fund had a negative cash balance of \$1,902,892 in the Treasurer's pooled cash accounts. Negative cash on deposit with the County Treasurer was reduced by interfund borrowing with the General Fund. All interfund balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers in							
		Ot	her Capital					
Transfers out	General		Projects		Total			
General	\$	\$	1,598,444	\$	1,598,444			
Federal and State Grants	404,169				404,169			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	 85,066				85,066			
Total	\$ 489,235	\$	1,598,444	\$	2,087,679			

Transfers between funds were used to (1) move federal grant funds restricted for indirect costs to the General Fund, and (2) to move monies from the General Fund to the Other Capital Projects Fund for repayment of the capital investment of the qualified provider or utility, energy or water services company based on the established repayment schedule in accordance with A.R.S. §15.910.02(H).

Note 13 – Contingent Liabilities

<u>Compliance</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Lawsuits</u> – The District is a party to a number of various types of lawsuits, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The ultimate outcome of the actions is not determinable, however, District management believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Note 14 – Risk Management

The District was unable to obtain general property and liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the District joined the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc. (ASRRT). ASRRT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts and community colleges in the State. The District pays an annual premium to ASRRT for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that ASRRT will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts.

The District joined the Arizona School Alliance for Workers' Compensation, Inc. (Alliance) together with other school districts in the state for risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. The Alliance is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts in the State. The District pays quarterly premiums to the Alliance for its employee workers' compensation coverage. The agreement provides that the Alliance will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dental, life, and vision insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District established an Employee Benefit Trust Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss related to employee health insurance claims. Under this program, the Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$320,000 for each claim, not to exceed an annual aggregate of 110 percent of expected claims. The Fund purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of this coverage.

Note 14 – Risk Management

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the current year are as follows.

		Claims	С	urrent Year					
	Р	ayable at	(Claims and				Claims	
	Ве	Beginning of		Changes in		Claim	P	ayable at	
		Year		Estimates		Payments		End of Year	
Employee Benefits Trust									
2022-23	\$	1,932,392	\$	11,221,207	\$	11,640,282	\$	1,513,317	
2021-22		1,532,638		13,697,605		13,297,851		1,932,392	

Note 15 – Pensions

Plan Description. District employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. ASRS is a component unit of the State of Arizona. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

The ASRS OPEB plans are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the District's financial statements.

Note 15 – Pensions

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial Membership Date:

	IVICIIID	Tomp Date.						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011						
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55						
required to receive	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60						
benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62						
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*						
		Any years, age 65						
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months						
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%						

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (12.03 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (11.92 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$16,833,355.

Note 15 – Pensions

Employers are also required to pay an Alternate Contribution Rate (ACR), for retired members who return to work in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS. The District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.68 percent (9.62 for retirement and 0.06 percent for long-term disability). ACR contributions are included in employer contributions presented above.

The District's pension plan contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest component coming from the General Fund.

Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the applicable plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts for its proportionate share of the pension plan net liability. In addition, at June 30, 2022, the District's percentage proportion for the plan and the related change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021 was:

Net	District	Increase
Liability	% Proportion	(Decrease)
\$ 185,107,043	1.134	0.021

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. The District has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over a period of time rather than the year of occurrence. The District's pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$25,446,095.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Pensions

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	0	utflows of	1	nflows of
	R	lesources	R	lesources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,577,222	\$	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		9,187,220		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments				4,875,898
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,691,872		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		16,833,355		
Total	\$	30,289,669	\$	4,875,898

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 10,462,477
2025	(1,220,460)
2026	(8,465,706)
2027	7,804,105

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Inflation	2.3%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Pensions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, excluding any expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50%	3.90%
Credit	20	5.30
Interest rate sensitive bonds	10	(0.20)
Real estate	20	6.00
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Pensions

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current									
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase								
Rate	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%								
Net liability	\$ 273,119,940	\$ 185,107,043	\$ 111,718,039								

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Required Supplementary Information

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	lget		
			Non-GAAP	Variance with
	Original Final		Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 310,547	\$ 310,547
Property taxes			67,895,539	67,895,539
State aid and grants			116,729,022	116,729,022
Total revenues			184,935,108	184,935,108
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	102,005,336	105,512,337	101,135,167	4,377,170
Support services - students and staff	26,507,749	27,113,562	26,956,427	157,135
Support services - administration	17,797,642	18,906,936	18,448,999	457,937
Operation and maintenance of plant services	23,798,897	23,704,512	22,830,668	873,844
Student transportation services	12,018,212	12,923,807	11,030,577	1,893,230
Operation of non-instructional services	534,039	595,025	436,110	158,915
Total expenditures	182,661,875	188,756,179	180,837,948	7,918,231
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(182,661,875)	(188,756,179)	4,097,160	192,853,339
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(1,598,444)	(1,598,444)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(1,598,444)	(1,598,444)
Changes in fund balances	(182,661,875)	(188,756,179)	2,498,716	191,254,895
Fund balances, beginning of year			5,809,209	5,809,209
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (182,661,875)	\$ (188,756,179)	\$ 8,307,925	\$ 197,064,104

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Classroom Site For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	lget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 280,820	\$ 280,820
State aid and grants			19,338,193	19,338,193
Total revenues			19,619,013	19,619,013
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	33,139,228	30,722,057	13,989,228	16,732,829
Support services - students and staff	329,414	321,694	148,227	173,467
Total expenditures	33,468,642	31,043,751	14,137,455	16,906,296
Changes in fund balances	(33,468,642)	(31,043,751)	5,481,558	36,525,309
Fund balances, beginning of year			12,650,825	12,650,825
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (33,468,642)	\$ (31,043,751)	\$ 18,132,383	\$ 49,176,134

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Federal and State Grants For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 15,757	•
State aid and grants			2,630,323	2,630,323
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements			40,003,237	40,003,237
Total revenues			42,649,317	42,649,317
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	27,282,775	30,833,994	20,297,685	10,536,309
Support services - students and staff	10,578,026	11,954,898	7,869,780	4,085,118
Support services - administration	4,021,245	4,544,664	2,991,703	1,552,961
Operation and maintenance of plant services	955,256	1,079,595	710,686	368,909
Student transportation services	959,286	1,084,150	713,684	370,466
Operation of non-instructional services	1,070,823	1,210,205	796,665	413,540
Capital outlay	1,013,001	1,144,857	753,647	391,210
Total expenditures	45,880,412	51,852,362	34,133,850	17,718,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(45,880,412)	(51,852,362)	8,515,467	60,367,829
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(404,169)	(404,169)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(404,169)	(404,169)
Changes in fund balances	(45,880,412)	(51,852,362)	8,111,298	59,963,660
Fund balances, beginning of year			(8,955,979)	(8,955,979)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (45,880,412)	\$ (51,852,362)	\$ (844,681)	\$ 51,007,681

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Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Arizona State Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Measurement date	Ju	ıne 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
District's proportion of the net pension (assets) liability		1.13%		1.11%		1.10%	1.04%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability	\$	185,107,043	\$	146,251,142	\$	190,721,669	\$ 151,417,952
District's covered payroll	\$	134,806,486	\$	124,989,597	\$	120,140,550	\$ 109,407,460
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		137.31%		117.01%		158.75%	138.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.26%		78.58%		69.33%	73.24%

Schedule of Pension Contributions Arizona State Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	16,833,355	\$	16,190,259	\$	14,561,288	\$	13,756,093
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		16,833,355		16,190,259		14,561,288		13,756,093
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	141,219,421	\$	134,806,486	\$	124,989,597	\$	120,140,550
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.92%		12.01%		11.65%		11.45%

NOTE: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Ju	une 30, 2018	J	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
	1.01%		1.03%		0.95%		1.04%	1.08%
\$	140,884,559	\$	161,131,568	\$	152,864,998	\$	162,641,529	\$ 159,931,565
\$	100,315,101	\$	100,660,965	\$	88,526,230	\$	95,946,134	\$ 97,399,393
	140.44%		160.07%		172.68%		169.51%	164.20%
	73.40%		69.92%		67.06%		68.35%	69.49%
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$	12,231,754	\$	10,934,346	\$	10,851,252	\$	9,605,096	\$ 10,448,534
	12,231,754		10,934,346		10,851,252		9,605,096	10,448,534
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
\$	109,407,460	\$	100,315,101	\$	100,660,965	\$	88,526,230	\$ 95,946,134

10.78%

10.85%

10.89%

11.18%

10.90%

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the following items.

- Certain activities reported in the General Fund are budgeted in separate funds in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes.
- Employee insurance expenditures are budgeted in the year the employee insurance account is funded.

The following schedule reconciles expenditures and fund balances at the end of year.

			Fund
		Total	Balances
	E	Expenditures	 End of Year
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in			
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	200,394,506	\$ 34,150,444
Activity budgeted as special revenue funds		(7,393,739)	(18,432,155)
Activity budgeted as capital projects funds		(14,009,679)	(4,726,177)
Current-year prepaid items		1,865,306	(1,865,306)
Employee insurance account		(18,446)	 (818,881)
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in			
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - General Fund	\$	180,837,948	\$ 8,307,925

Note 2 – Pension Plan Schedules

Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed. The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors that Affect Trends. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

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Governmental Funds

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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Instructional Improvement – to account for the activity of monies received from gaming revenue.

<u>Food Service</u> – to account for the financial activity of school activities that have as their purpose the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals and snacks in connection with school functions.

<u>Other Special Revenue Funds</u> – to account for the revenues and expenditures of other special revenue activities, including the following: civic center, community school, extracurricular activities fees tax credit, textbooks, insurance refund, career technical education, and student activities.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Sp		_				
	Instructional Improvement			Food Service		Other Special Revenue		al Non-Major overnmental Funds
		provement	Food Service		Revenue			rulius
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	2,111,527	\$	8,222,616	\$	10,370,372	\$	20,704,515
Due from governmental entities		1,174,704		22,458				1,197,162
Inventory				70,066				70,066
Deposits				262,985	_			262,985
Total assets	\$	3,286,231	\$	8,578,125	\$	10,370,372	\$	22,234,728
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	494,069	\$	250,197	\$	744,266
Accrued payroll and employee benefits						327,866		327,866
Unearned revenues				186,444				186,444
Total liabilities				680,513	_	578,063		1,258,576
Fund balances								
Nonspendable				70,066				70,066
Restricted		3,286,231		7,827,546		9,792,309		20,906,086
Total fund balances		3,286,231		7,897,612	_	9,792,309		20,976,152
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	3,286,231	\$	8,578,125	\$	10,370,372	\$	22,234,728

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Sp		_				
	tructional provement	Food Service			ther Special Revenue	Total Non-Maj Governmenta Funds	
Revenues							
Other local	\$ 39,149	\$	2,940,169	\$	12,001,552	\$	14,980,870
State aid and grants	1,601,502				71,383		1,672,885
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements			8,907,468				8,907,468
Total revenues	1,640,651	_	11,847,637	_	12,072,935		25,561,223
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	438,970				1,252,446		1,691,416
Support services - students and staff	495,739		771		316,386		812,896
Support services - administration			12,394		243,286		255,680
Operation and maintenance of plant services			92,154		952,208		1,044,362
Student transportation services					144,635		144,635
Operation of non-instructional services	2,095		10,539,370		5,712,208		16,253,673
Capital outlay	 				109,136		109,136
Total expenditures	 936,804		10,644,689	-	8,730,305		20,311,798
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 703,847		1,202,948		3,342,630		5,249,425
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out	 		(85,066)				(85,066)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		(85,066)	_			(85,066)
Changes in fund balances	 703,847		1,117,882		3,342,630		5,164,359
Fund balances, beginning of year	 2,582,384		6,779,730		6,449,679		15,811,793
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,286,231	\$	7,897,612	\$	9,792,309	\$	20,976,152

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Instructional Improvement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		
	Original and	•	Variance with
	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Other local	\$	\$ 39,149	\$ 39,149
State aid and grants		1,601,502	1,601,502
Total revenues		1,640,651	1,640,651
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	609,157	438,970	170,187
Support services - students and staff	687,935	495,739	192,196
Operation of non-instructional services	2,907	2,095	812
Total expenditures	1,300,000	936,804	363,196
Changes in fund balances	(1,300,000)	703,847	2,003,847
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,582,384	2,582,384
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (1,300,000)	\$ 3,286,231	\$ 4,586,231

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Food Service For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	lget			
				Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 2,940,169	\$ 2,940,169	
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements	·		8,907,468	8,907,468	
Total revenues			11,847,637	11,847,637	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Support services - students and staff	833	978	771	207	
Support services - administration	13,390	15,719	12,394	3,325	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	99,559	116,873	92,154	24,719	
Operation of non-instructional services	11,386,219	13,366,430	10,539,370	2,827,060	
Total expenditures	11,500,000	13,500,000	10,644,689	2,855,311	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,500,000)	(13,500,000)	1,202,948	14,702,948	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out			(85,066)	(85,066)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(85,066)	(85,066)	
Changes in fund balances	(11,500,000)	(13,500,000)	1,117,882	14,617,882	
Fund balances, beginning of year			6,779,730	6,779,730	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (11,500,000)	\$ (13,500,000)	\$ 7,897,612	\$ 21,397,612	

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	dget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 12,001,552	\$ 12,001,552
State aid and grants			71,383	71,383
Total revenues			12,072,935	12,072,935
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	934,104	1,356,523	1,252,446	104,077
Support services - students and staff	235,968	342,677	316,386	26,291
Support services - administration	181,448	263,503	243,286	20,217
Operation and maintenance of plant services	710,179	1,031,336	952,208	79,128
Student transportation services	107,872	156,654	144,635	12,019
Operation of non-instructional services	4,260,299	6,186,887	5,712,208	474,679
Capital outlay	81,396	118,205	109,136	9,069
Total expenditures	6,511,267	9,455,785	8,730,305	725,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,511,267)	(9,455,785)	3,342,630	12,798,415
Changes in fund balances	(6,511,267)	(9,455,785)	3,342,630	12,798,415
Fund balances, beginning of year			6,449,679	6,449,679
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (6,511,267)	\$ (9,455,785)	\$ 9,792,309	\$ 19,248,094

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	get			
	Origina	l and		Va	ariance with
	Fin	al	 Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues					
Other local	\$		\$ 193,194	\$	193,194
Property taxes			 17,666,569		17,666,569
Total revenues			 17,859,763	_	17,859,763
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	14,1	.45,000	14,145,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	2,9	51,990	3,319,700		(367,710)
Total expenditures	17,0	96,990	 17,464,700		(367,710)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(17,0	96,990)	 395,063		17,492,053
Changes in fund balances	(17,0	96,990)	 395,063		17,492,053
Fund balances, beginning of year			 605,222		605,222
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (17,0	96,990)	\$ 1,000,285	\$	18,097,275

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Capital Projects For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							
							Va	ariance with
		Original	Final			Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Other local	\$		\$		\$	55,496	\$	55,496
State aid and grants						7,875,641		7,875,641
Total revenues			_			7,931,137		7,931,137
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		1,000,000		14,743,771		8,396,325		6,347,446
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,334,987		1,334,987		1,334,987		
Interest and fiscal charges		263,457		263,457		263,457		
Total expenditures		2,598,444	_	16,342,215		9,994,769		6,347,446
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,598,444)		(16,342,215)	_	(2,063,632)		14,278,583
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in						1,598,444		1,598,444
Total other financing sources (uses)	_					1,598,444		1,598,444
Changes in fund balances		(2,598,444)		(16,342,215)		(465,188)		15,877,027
Fund balances, beginning of year						1,374,964		1,374,964
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(2,598,444)	\$	(16,342,215)	\$	909,776	\$	17,251,991

Statistical Section

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the District's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the District's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the District's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other school districts.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the District's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the District's financial information relates to the services provided by the District.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to 5 percent in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 **Net Position:** \$ 275,227,096 268,184,293 265,930,427 304,785,554 286,312,014 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 43,682,637 36,215,423 27,857,110 26,860,292 22,572,463 Unrestricted (105,312,444) (107, 127, 786)(107,591,122) (101,543,763)(89,388,074) 243,155,747 215,399,651 195,493,084 193,500,822 199,114,816 Total net position **2018** <u>2017</u> **2016** <u>2015</u> **2014 Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets 260,706,537 \$ 239,276,100 \$ 244,382,081 \$ 245,851,743 249,449,837 22,230,385 25,774,747 Restricted 29,059,520 17,330,615 14,879,942 Unrestricted (107,687,018) (102,535,434)(119,563,335) (124,175,749)39,511,257 Total net position 175,249,904 162,515,413 \$ 153,878,266 139,006,609 \$ 303,841,036

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2021 <u>2020</u> 2019 **Expenses** Instruction \$ 156,071,159 \$ 151,528,824 \$ 143,820,938 \$ 131,923,611 \$ 113,489,963 Support services - students and staff 39,380,415 34,989,953 34,438,056 30,952,911 25,537,170 Support services - administration 25,787,566 22,313,238 21,725,259 20,343,907 17,411,741 Operation and maintenance of plant services 25,945,255 24,370,785 25,604,489 22,128,674 21,765,570 Student transportation services 14,616,543 12,848,201 9,912,817 10,120,904 10,027,877 Operation of non-instructional services 18,759,463 18,436,840 13,991,713 13,738,879 12,244,395 Interest on long-term debt 3,403,140 4,364,121 4,839,033 3,967,163 4,564,727 **Total expenses** 283,963,541 268,455,004 253,857,393 233,773,613 205,315,749 **Program Revenues** Charges for services: Instruction 2,703,125 2,834,728 4,025,193 4,496,931 3,818,233 Operation of non-instructional services 14,936,244 8,551,910 4,990,439 6,061,400 5,318,816 Other activities 43,879,783 40,982,988 Operating grants and contributions 50,949,534 19,608,161 19,557,488 Capital grants and contributions 9,941,270 4,918,140 3,834,920 1,872,961 3,306,593 Total program revenues 71,460,422 67,254,312 53,833,540 32,039,453 32,001,130 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ (212,503,119) \$ (201,200,692) \$ (200,023,853) \$ (201,734,160) \$ (173,314,619)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Expenses					
Instruction	\$ 105,339,163	\$ 106,562,611	\$ 99,034,400	\$ 110,167,990	\$ 106,177,192
Support services - students and staff	24,158,062	23,456,997	21,389,349	22,227,012	25,193,043
Support services - administration	16,975,103	16,104,497	15,856,728	16,859,435	16,398,929
Operation and maintenance of plant services	20,904,252	20,725,659	19,719,632	19,665,127	19,288,396
Student transportation services	9,547,521	9,189,612	9,014,382	9,655,175	10,622,657
Operation of non-instructional services	11,721,239	11,276,107	10,469,559	10,844,932	12,115,147
Interest on long-term debt	5,010,502	5,359,850	5,633,092	6,432,916	7,925,515
Total expenses	193,655,842	192,675,333	181,117,142	195,852,587	197,720,879
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	3,580,902	2,727,439	2,048,814	2,701,070	2,621,356
Operation of non-instructional services	4,725,033	4,906,119	5,741,103	4,271,545	4,905,556
Other activities		150,598	510,026	658,665	53,029
Operating grants and contributions	18,233,725	17,987,899	16,923,547	17,621,744	17,157,532
Capital grants and contributions	3,320,368	2,323,216	1,973,153	1,216,655	1,464,248
Total program revenues	29,860,028	28,095,271	27,196,643	26,469,679	26,201,721
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (163,795,814)	\$ (164,580,062)	\$ (153,920,499)	\$ (169,382,908)	\$ (171,519,158)

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

Fiscal Teal Lilided Julie 30									
<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>					
\$ (212,503,119)	\$ (201,200,692)	\$ (200,023,853)	\$ (201,734,160)	\$ (173,314,619)					
89,390,088	84,847,439	80,666,427	73,055,573	76,101,685					
849,764	431,977	482,142	937,914	959,350					
	9,036,864	8,914,700	8,248,561	8,068,822					
147,067,129	123,636,662	109,532,135	110,811,247	103,283,362					
2,952,234	3,154,317	2,420,711	2,228,179	2,122,514					
240,259,215	221,107,259	202,016,115	195,281,474	190,535,733					
\$ 27,756,096	\$ 19,906,567	\$ 1,992,262	\$ (6,452,686)	\$ 17,221,114					
	\$ (212,503,119) 89,390,088 849,764 147,067,129 2,952,234 240,259,215	2023 2022 \$ (212,503,119) \$ (201,200,692) 89,390,088 84,847,439 849,764 431,977 9,036,864 147,067,129 123,636,662 2,952,234 3,154,317 240,259,215 221,107,259	2023 2022 2021 \$ (212,503,119) \$ (201,200,692) \$ (200,023,853) 89,390,088 84,847,439 80,666,427 849,764 431,977 482,142 9,036,864 8,914,700 147,067,129 123,636,662 109,532,135 2,952,234 3,154,317 2,420,711 240,259,215 221,107,259 202,016,115	2023 2022 2021 2020 \$ (212,503,119) \$ (201,200,692) \$ (200,023,853) \$ (201,734,160) 89,390,088 84,847,439 80,666,427 73,055,573 849,764 431,977 482,142 937,914 9,036,864 8,914,700 8,248,561 147,067,129 123,636,662 109,532,135 110,811,247 2,952,234 3,154,317 2,420,711 2,228,179 240,259,215 221,107,259 202,016,115 195,281,474					

(Continued)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (163,795,814)	\$ (164,580,062)	\$ (153,920,499)	\$ (169,382,908)	\$ (171,519,158)	
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	72,196,953	70,205,930	60,346,058	67,676,347	68,391,647	
Investment income	459,589	295,919	306,997	264,181	255,236	
Unrestricted county aid	8,030,135	7,898,409	8,278,207	8,075,346	7,810,603	
Unrestricted state aid	94,031,742	93,071,576	98,339,448	94,560,401	93,585,346	
Unrestricted federal aid	1,784,153	1,745,375	1,521,446	1,151,638	435,646	
Total general revenues	176,502,572	173,217,209	168,792,156	171,727,913	170,478,478	
Changes in Net Position	\$ 12,706,758	\$ 8,637,147	\$ 14,871,657	\$ 2,345,005	\$ (1,040,680)	

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Due to a change in legislation, beginning with fiscal year 2023, unrestricted county aid is now presented with property taxes.

(Concluded)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2021 2023 2022 2020 2019 General Fund: \$ \$ Nonspendable \$ 1,865,306 \$ \$ Unassigned 32,285,138 24,940,938 23,337,917 25,833,260 24,040,671 34,150,444 24,940,938 23,337,917 24,040,671 25,833,260 **Total General Fund** All Other Governmental Funds: \$ \$ Nonspendable 70,066 \$ 75,231 \$ 94,014 214,354 \$ 78,580 Restricted 40,948,530 37,319,345 36,900,705 26,456,478 22,362,356 (844,681) (10,618,710) (9,415,242) (2,442,674)(1,064,993) Unassigned Total all other governmental funds 26,775,866 27,579,477 40,173,915 24,228,158 21,375,943

(Continued)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u> 2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
\$	\$	132,321	\$	47,673	\$	64,476	\$	15,223
23,329,406		19,575,536		22,150,492		21,631,309		18,434,367
\$ 23,329,406	\$	19,707,857	\$	22,198,165	\$	21,695,785	\$	18,449,590
\$ 84,596	\$	111,030	\$	109,674	\$	202,412	\$	338,315
22,056,698		23,802,631		28,580,097		16,257,715		14,180,875
(857,048)								
\$ 21,284,246	\$	23,913,661	\$	28,689,771	\$	16,460,127	\$	14,519,190
\$ \$	\$ 23,329,406 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 84,596 22,056,698 (857,048)	\$ 23,329,406 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 23,329,406 \$ \$ \$ 22,056,698 (857,048)	\$ 132,321 23,329,406	\$ 132,321 \$ 19,575,536 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 19,707,857 \$ \$ \$ \$ 44,596 \$ 22,056,698 \$ 23,802,631 \$ (857,048)	\$ 132,321 \$ 47,673 23,329,406 19,575,536 22,150,492 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 19,707,857 \$ 22,198,165 \$ 84,596 \$ 111,030 \$ 109,674 22,056,698 23,802,631 28,580,097 (857,048)	\$ 132,321 \$ 47,673 \$ 23,329,406	\$ 132,321 \$ 47,673 \$ 64,476 23,329,406 19,575,536 22,150,492 21,631,309 \$ 23,329,406 \$ 19,707,857 \$ 22,198,165 \$ 21,695,785 \$ 84,596 \$ 111,030 \$ 109,674 \$ 202,412 22,056,698 23,802,631 28,580,097 16,257,715 (857,048)	\$ 132,321 \$ 47,673 \$ 64,476 \$ 23,329,406

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
		2023		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
Federal sources:											
Federal grants	\$	42,955,471	\$	34,172,638	\$	24,127,158	\$	13,301,973	\$	14,004,513	
National School Lunch Program		8,907,468		16,877,024		9,553,067		7,398,055		7,678,960	
Total federal sources		51,862,939		51,049,662		33,680,225		20,700,028		21,683,473	
State sources:		_		_							
State equalization assistance		126,127,434		102,525,780		96,450,241		97,436,067		90,084,272	
State grants		2,630,323		1,449,350		1,328,195		1,041,345		359,828	
School Facilities Oversight Board		7,875,641		2,741,658		1,973,931		670,404		108,617	
Other revenues		21,011,078		21,246,292		13,081,894		13,375,180		13,199,090	
Total state sources		157,644,476		127,963,080		112,834,261		112,522,996		103,751,807	
Local sources:		_		_							
Property taxes		89,496,666		85,518,208		81,115,286		76,712,229		76,949,882	
County aid				9,036,864		8,914,700		8,248,561		8,068,822	
Food service sales		2,793,746		737,968		601,095		2,407,833		2,893,000	
Investment income		1,192,784		380,500		425,375		816,150		802,123	
Other revenues		15,582,864		12,743,570		10,094,672		9,474,322		7,438,944	
Total local sources		109,066,060		108,417,110		101,151,128		97,659,095		96,152,771	
Total revenues	\$	318,573,475	\$	287,429,852	\$	247,665,614	\$	230,882,119	\$	221,588,051	

(Continued)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Federal sources:						
Federal grants	\$	13,069,623	\$ 12,167,123	\$ 11,526,092	\$ 11,507,592	\$ 10,699,357
National School Lunch Program		7,665,266	 7,810,921	6,880,166	6,962,577	7,023,339
Total federal sources		20,734,889	19,978,044	18,406,258	18,470,169	17,722,696
State sources:	-		 _	_	_	 _
State equalization assistance		81,754,037	82,363,419	87,217,798	84,607,205	81,771,599
State grants		380,587	228,093	216,381	212,086	194,988
School Facilities Oversight Board		455,109	281,826	783,672	42,327	
Other revenues		12,277,705	10,708,157	 11,121,650	 9,953,462	 11,813,747
Total state sources		94,867,438	93,581,495	99,339,501	94,815,080	93,780,334
Local sources:						
Property taxes		72,461,538	70,327,175	63,295,286	67,640,066	68,410,097
County aid		8,030,135	7,898,409	8,278,207	8,075,346	7,810,603
Food service sales		2,522,753	2,537,482	2,377,697	2,449,302	2,229,457
Investment income		385,977	236,284	258,144	229,764	212,614
Other revenues		6,553,639	6,815,201	 7,064,716	 6,379,583	 6,483,088
Total local sources		89,954,042	87,814,551	 81,274,050	 84,774,061	85,145,859
Total revenues	\$	205,556,369	\$ 201,374,090	\$ 199,019,809	\$ 198,059,310	\$ 196,648,889
				 		_

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Due to a change in legislation, beginning with fiscal year 2023, county aid is now presented with property taxes.

(Concluded)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2023		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Expenditures:										
Current -										
Instruction	\$	138,730,867	\$	135,585,200	\$	125,616,168	\$	115,467,140	\$	107,475,467
Support services - students and staff		37,757,977		33,813,590		32,606,492		29,269,335		26,507,929
Support services - administration		23,158,875		19,783,577		19,078,277		17,788,280		16,606,557
Operation and maintenance of plant services		23,871,775		22,826,343		24,513,306		21,193,373		21,178,056
Student transportation services		12,133,102		10,306,030		7,710,525		8,250,974		8,415,410
Operation of non-instructional services		18,156,939		17,948,001		13,344,300		13,413,157		12,023,474
Capital outlay		23,564,399		28,149,504		24,152,451		9,165,374		11,368,265
Debt service -										
Principal retirement		15,479,987		14,262,143		12,585,000		11,622,000		10,630,000
Interest and fiscal charges		3,583,157		4,121,292		4,518,251		4,718,857		4,993,163
Bond issuance costs										
Total expenditures	\$	296,437,078	\$	286,795,680	\$	264,124,770	\$	230,888,490	\$	219,198,321
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	17,468,753	\$	19,982,739	\$	17,054,948	\$	3,173,746	\$	3,418,058
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures		7%		7%		7%		7%		7%

(Continued)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Instruction	\$ 98,824,488	\$ 97,516,128	\$ 88,729,414	\$ 94,796,992	\$ 93,359,491
Support services - students and staff	24,395,695	23,701,167	21,183,076	21,067,311	24,341,555
Support services - administration	16,134,820	15,893,110	15,387,218	15,450,613	15,424,925
Operation and maintenance of plant services	20,471,004	20,372,857	19,379,983	19,022,657	18,751,672
Student transportation services	8,305,350	8,510,121	8,188,844	8,046,480	8,970,812
Operation of non-instructional services	11,586,982	11,212,135	10,243,663	10,496,833	12,000,806
Capital outlay	9,691,398	16,002,652	8,889,378	9,935,190	5,956,466
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	10,103,588	9,919,714	9,055,177	7,485,965	4,395,207
Interest and fiscal charges	5,164,632	5,513,980	5,669,127	6,523,835	7,987,706
Bond issuance costs			666,105	381,226	
Total expenditures	\$ 204,677,957	\$ 208,641,864	\$ 187,391,985	\$ 193,207,102	\$ 191,188,640
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 5,396,489	\$ 7,796,486	\$ 2,461,490	\$ 3,275,578	\$ 1,231,927
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8%	8%	8%	7%	7%

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2023			2022	<u>2021</u>			<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	\$	22,136,397	\$	634,172	\$	(16,459,156)	\$	(6,371)	\$	2,389,730
Other financing sources (uses):										
Capital lease agreements						19,104,199				
Insurance recoveries				184,021		123,862		91,531		211,837
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		471,158								
Transfers in		2,087,679		3,210,587		1,829,091		730,255		1,209,237
Transfers out		(2,087,679)		(3,210,587)		(1,829,091)		(730,255)		(1,209,237)
Total other financing sources (uses)		471,158		184,021		19,228,061		91,531		211,837
Changes in fund balances	\$	22,607,555	\$	818,193	\$	2,768,905	\$	85,160	\$	2,601,567
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	\$	878,412	\$	(7,267,774)	\$	11,627,824	\$	4,852,208	\$	5,460,249
Other financing sources (uses):										
Refunding bonds issued						74,865,000		49,550,000		
Premium on sale of bonds						6,415,429		7,980,173		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						(80,083,491)		(57,059,346)		
Capital lease agreements										397,914
Insurance recoveries		140,156								
Transfers in		1,134,574		972,943		1,131,564		6,288,035		3,056,483
Transfers out		(1,134,574)		(972,943)		(1,131,564)		(6,288,035)		(3,056,483)
Total other financing sources (uses)		140,156				1,196,938		470,827		397,914
Changes in fund balances	\$	1,018,568	\$	(7,267,774)	\$	12,824,762	\$	5,323,035	\$	5,858,163

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Net Limited Assessed Value and Full Cash Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_					Fiscal Year					
Class		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining Agricultural and Vacant Residential (Owner Occupied) Residential (Rental) Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines Historical Property Certain Government Property Improvements Total	\$	355,819,699 67,156,711 918,079,796 408,775,340 6,934,918 6,540,894 160,500	\$	347,616,310 57,877,616 841,385,242 367,658,490 5,752,358 979,469 152,857 1,621,422,342	\$	296,414,977 58,016,821 767,156,938 345,623,230 5,418,445 941,607 145,578	\$ 	293,708,410 47,488,940 705,520,350 329,298,290 5,624,353 138,646 1,382,687,056	\$	259,192,160 46,766,971 665,421,894 302,458,387 5,516,293 132,044 1,280,332,490	
	, ,	<u> </u>	, ,		ب				, ,		
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	25,280,945,616	\$	22,599,819,271	\$	20,046,079,858	\$	17,866,631,667	\$	16,435,153,800	
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		7% 5.89		7% 6.18		7% 6.45		8% 6.58		8% 6.89	
	_					Fiscal Year					
Class		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining Agricultural and Vacant Residential (Owner Occupied) Residential (Rental) Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines Certain Government Property Improvements	\$	245,828,241 44,110,628 624,342,515 289,322,011 5,784,094 125,756	\$	234,892,526 44,007,966 584,572,755 281,380,444 5,666,504 119,768	\$	225,990,600 50,655,946 554,910,682 267,331,069 6,190,826 114,732	\$	223,257,350 56,008,495 544,635,242 237,438,722 6,702,329 109,269	\$	221,761,888 63,894,334 530,751,836 196,188,068 6,215,556 101,355	
Total	\$_	1,209,513,245	\$_	1,150,639,963	\$_	1,105,193,855	\$_	1,068,151,407	\$_	1,018,913,037	
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	15,087,678,081	\$	14,001,686,645	\$	13,108,890,146	\$	11,424,155,170	\$	10,222,849,361	
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		8% 6.96		8% 7.13		8% 6.68		9% 7.12		10% 7.57	

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. Primary taxes are used for general District operations. Secondary taxes are used to service District bonded debt requirements and other voter-approved overrides.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Net Full Cash Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
Class		<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	452,037,286	\$	449,827,299	\$	370,344,010	\$	347,578,407	\$	306,657,678		
Agricultural and Vacant		140,100,754		121,313,487		111,244,219		83,778,328		81,628,269		
Residential (Owner Occupied)		1,291,079,456		1,153,687,799		1,028,259,049		909,347,768		840,933,567		
Residential (Rental)		593,261,296		516,902,429		469,774,510		430,757,938		390,549,726		
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		8,933,263		7,284,963		6,768,944		6,884,759		6,591,862		
Historical Property		10,002,965		1,394,538		1,384,640		160 400		162 470		
Certain Government Property Improvements	-	190,008	-	186,567	-	177,656	_	169,488	_	163,478		
Total	\$_	2,495,605,028	\$ =	2,250,597,082	\$ =	1,987,953,028	\$ =	1,779,915,277	\$ =	1,627,879,113		
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	25,280,945,616	\$	22,599,819,271	\$	20,046,079,858	\$	17,866,631,667	\$	16,435,153,800		
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		10%		10%		10%		10%		10%		
Estimated Net Full Cash Value	\$	21,890,496,280	\$	19,392,850,077	\$	17,230,049,450	\$	15,426,678,751	\$	14,127,531,205		
Total Direct Rate		5.89		6.18		6.45		6.58		6.89		
	_					Fiscal Year						
Class		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	Ś	294,822,778	\$	262,214,666	\$	236,381,082	\$	225,151,568	\$	222,329,383		
Agricultural and Vacant	7	73,317,132	7	61,854,646	7	66,110,318	Y	64,109,421	Ψ	70,554,732		
Residential (Owner Occupied)		754,499,606		703,287,106		663,697,591		579,227,588		530,953,210		
Residential (Rental)		356,441,611		340,733,264		322,712,184		256,392,968		197,854,147		
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		6,720,393		6,059,948		6,308,989		6,766,786		6,275,534		
Certain Government Property Improvements	_	164,489	_	146,552	_	118,963	_	109,739	_	101,355		
Total	\$_	1,485,966,009	\$_	1,374,296,182	\$_	1,295,329,127	\$_	1,131,758,070	\$_	1,028,068,361		
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	15,087,678,081	\$	14,001,686,645	\$	13,108,890,146	\$	11,424,155,170	\$	10,222,849,361		
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value	•	10%	•	10%	•	10%	•	10%	•	10%		
Estimated Net Full Cash Value	\$	12,805,223,294	\$	11,901,636,129	\$	11,075,547,682	\$	9,518,000,693	\$	8,511,030,125		
Total Direct Rate		6.96		7.13		6.68		7.12		7.57		

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. The net full cash assessed value is used for determining the District's bonding capacity and as the ceiling for net limited assessed value.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Property Tax Assessment Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Class 2023 2022 2021 2020 **2019** Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining 18 % 18 % 18 % 18 % 18 % Agricultural and Vacant 15 15 15 15 15 Residential (Owner Occupied) 10 10 10 10 10 Residential (Rental) 10 10 10 10 10 Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines 15 15 15 14 15

Class	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>					
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	18 %	18 %	19 %	19 %	20 %					
Agricultural and Vacant	15	15	16	16	16					
Residential (Owner Occupied)	10	10	10	10	10					
Residential (Rental)	10	10	10	10	10					
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines	15	14	15	16	15					

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Additional classes of property exist, but do not amount to a significant portion of the District's total valuation, therefore they are not included on this schedule.

Fiscal Voor

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

Fiscal											Western			
Year			County	Flood	Community		Central	City	City	City	Maricopa	Dis	trict Direct Rat	es
Ended	State		Free	Control	College	Fire District	Arizona	of	of	of	Education Center			
June 30	Equalization	County	Library	District	District	Assistance	Water	Glendale	Surprise	El Mirage	District	Primary	Secondary	Total
2023		1.25	0.05	0.16	1.19	0.01	0.14	1.67	1.15	3.21	0.15	3.54	2.35	5.89
2022	0.43	1.35	0.06	0.18	1.23	0.01	0.14	1.73	1.15	3.39	0.16	3.80	2.38	6.18
2021	0.44	1.40	0.06	0.18	1.29	0.01	0.14	1.80	1.15	3.68	0.17	3.83	2.62	6.45
2020	0.46	1.40	0.06	0.18	1.33	0.01	0.14	1.86	1.15	3.74	0.16	3.91	2.67	6.58
2019	0.47	1.40	0.06	0.18	1.38	0.01	0.14	1.98	1.18	3.96	0.15	4.11	2.79	6.89
2018	0.49	1.40	0.06	0.18	1.41	0.01	0.14	2.08	0.76	3.63	0.18	4.16	2.80	6.96
2017	0.50	1.40	0.06	0.18	1.47	0.01	0.14	2.15	0.76	3.78	0.08	4.22	2.91	7.13
2016	0.51	1.36	0.06	0.16	1.49	0.01	0.14	2.20	0.76	3.84	0.07	4.27	2.41	6.68
2015	0.51	1.32	0.05	0.14	1.52	0.01	0.14	2.15	0.76	3.54	0.08	4.35	2.77	7.12
2014	0.51	1.28	0.04	0.14	1.53	0.01	0.14	2.29	0.78	4.04	0.06	4.62	2.95	7.57

Source: The source of this information is the Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

	 20)23		2014				
Taxpayer	 Net Limited Assessed Valuation	Percentage District's N Limited Asse Valuation	et ssed	Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	Percentage of District's Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation			
Arizona Public Service Company	\$ 44,615,737	2.53	%	16,608,283	1.63 %			
Southwest Gas Corporation	10,757,154	0.61		4,381,326	0.43			
EPCOR - Agua Fria Water Division	8,993,686	0.51						
Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railway Co.	8,464,646	0.48		6,419,152	0.63			
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	8,464,646	0.48		4,075,652	0.40			
WSL Heritage Investors VLLC	4,408,670	0.25		2,954,848	0.29			
Skyway LLC	4,408,670	0.25						
Ccd Real Estate Holdings LLC	4,232,323	0.24						
Roberts Properties Ltd.	3,526,936	0.20						
Surprise Pointe LLC	3,350,589	0.19						
Asante LH LLC				4,483,217	0.44			
Pulte Home Corporation				3,566,196	0.35			
Surprise Center Development LLC				3,464,304	0.34			
Austin Ranch LLC				3,362,413	0.33			
Courtland Homes, Inc.			_	2,954,848	0.29			
Total	\$ 101,223,056	5.74	%	\$ 52,270,240	5.13 %			

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Assessor's records.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Collected wi Fiscal Year of			Collected to of the Current	
Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2023	\$ 105,070,097	\$ 100,669,799	95.81 %	\$	\$ 100,669,799	95.81 %
2022	99,435,421	94,741,825	95.28	4,660,652	99,402,477	99.97
2021	95,381,646	91,020,604	95.43	4,328,763	95,349,367	99.97
2020	89,625,481	85,063,434	94.91	4,518,608	89,582,042	99.95
2019	89,307,919	84,683,216	94.82	4,604,478	89,287,694	99.98
2018	84,179,993	79,482,649	94.42	4,683,546	84,166,195	99.98
2017	81,939,513	77,268,020	94.30	4,659,906	81,927,926	99.99
2016	73,873,828	72,699,553	98.41	1,165,332	73,864,885	99.99
2015	77,671,330	73,504,910	94.64	4,161,460	77,666,370	99.99
2014	77,143,241	72,845,613	94.43	4,287,082	77,132,695	99.99

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Treasurer's records.

Notes: 1) Amounts collected are on a cash basis.

2) Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule because the dates of the monthly rolls vary each year. On the average, 90% of unsecured property taxes are collected within 90 days after the due date.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ge	neral Obligation B	onds					Total Outstandi	ng Debt	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds and Premium	Less: Amounts Restricted for Principal	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)	Per Capita	Purch	nanced nases and eases	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)	Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2023	\$ 89,093,161	\$ 1,089,407	\$ 88,003,754	0.35 %	441	\$ 17	7,023,069	\$ 106,116,230	0.42 %	532	N/A %
2022	103,784,019	714,229	103,069,790	0.46	521	18	3,358,056	122,142,075	0.54	617	0.05
2021	117,643,744	673,397	116,970,347	0.58	616	19	9,104,199	136,747,943	0.68	720	0.06
2020	130,540,473	763,383	129,777,090	0.73	705			130,540,473	0.73	709	0.06
2019	142,445,202	981,629	141,463,573	0.86	786			142,445,202	0.87	791	0.07
2018	149,059,931	579,933	148,479,998	0.98	829			149,059,931	0.99	833	0.08
2017	164,559,660	655,474	163,904,186	1.17	953		233,588	164,793,248	1.18	958	0.10
2016	174,673,389	1,146,856	173,526,533	1.32	1,015		458,302	175,131,691	1.34	1,024	0.09
2015	176,912,797	976,375	175,936,422	1.54	1,029		674,479	177,587,276	1.55	1,039	0.11
2014	171,785,000	1,449,603	170,335,397	1.67	1,008		882,444	172,667,444	1.69	1,022	0.12

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 were adopted in fiscal year 2022. The standard replaces the previous capital and operating lease designations with financed purchases or leases depending on the substance of the transactions. The fiscal year 2014-2021 information within this column relates to the transactions previously designated as capital leases.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2023

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to School District	Α	Estimated Amount pplicable to hool District	
Overlapping:						
Community College District	\$	445,570,000	3.19	%	\$	14,213,683
Marley Park Community Facilities District		20,591,782	100.00			20,591,782
Western Maricopa Education Center		144,220,000	8.63			12,446,186
City of Glendale		134,435,000	0.08			107,548
City of El Mirage		15,743,239	97.96			15,422,077
City of Surprise		108,691,142	96.40			104,778,261
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt						167,559,537
Direct:						
Dysart Unified School District No. 89						106,116,230
Total Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activ	ities De	bt			\$	273,675,767

Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt Ratios

Net Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt	
As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	4.68 %
Net Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt	
Per Capita	\$ 1,280
As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	14.18 %
As a Percentage of Gross Full Cash Value	0.99 %

Source: The source of this information is the District's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable governmental unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the District is calculated based on a portion of the District's net limited assessed valuation as a percentage of the net limited assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

2) Outstanding debt as of June 30, 2022 is presented for the overlapping governments as this is the most recent available information.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Class B Bond Legal Debt Margin Calcul	ation f	for Fiscal Year 202	23:	: Total Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023:							
Net full cash assessed valuation	\$	2,495,605,028		1	Net fu	II cash assessed	valuat	ion	\$	2,495,605,028	
Debt limit (20% of assessed value)		499,121,006		[Debt l	imit (30% of asse	ssed v	value)		748,681,508	
Debt applicable to limit		83,570,000		[Debt a	pplicable to limi	t			83,570,000	
Legal debt margin	\$	415,551,006		l	egal o	debt margin			\$	665,111,508	
					iscal \	Year Ended June	30				
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
Debt Limit	\$	748,681,508	\$	675,179,125	\$	596,385,908	\$	533,974,583	\$	568,134,160	
Total net debt applicable to limit		83,570,000		97,086,000		109,671,000		121,293,000		131,923,000	
Legal debt margin	\$	665,111,508	\$	578,093,125	\$	486,714,908	\$	412,681,583	\$	436,211,160	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		11%		14%		18%		23%		23%	
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Debt Limit	\$	445,789,803	\$	412,288,855	\$	388,598,738	\$	339,527,421	\$	308,420,508	
Total net debt applicable to limit		137,263,000		151,488,000		160,327,000		167,605,000	_	171,785,000	
Legal debt margin	\$	308,526,803	\$	260,800,855	\$	228,271,738	\$	171,922,421	\$	136,635,508	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		31%		37%		41%		49%		56%	

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Notes: 1) The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds outstanding and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds outstanding. The calculations of the debt margins are presented in detail for the current fiscal year only.

²⁾ Prior to FY17, net bond premium was restricted by amount and not subject to the statutory debt limit. Beginning with FY17, any additional net premium used for capital projects, bond counsel, printing and preparation of offering documents, a financial advisor, paying agent costs or to pay down debt is counted against both debt limits with the exception of amounts of premium deposited into the Debt Service Fund or a refunding escrow to pay interest payments.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 County-Wide Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

<u>Year</u>	Population_	_	Personal Income (thousands)	_	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate		Estimated District Population
2022	4,586,431	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	3.3	%	200,000
_	, ,	Ş	•	Ş	•		70	,
2021	4,507,419		268,713,717		59,759	4.5		198,000
2020	4,420,568		245,077,753		53,521	4.7		190,000
2019	4,485,414		222,943,072		49,704	3.6		184,000
2018	4,294,460		210,370,180		47,694	4.1		180,000
2017	4,221,684		196,286,191		45,573	4.2		179,000
2016	4,137,076		158,111,698		43,628	4.5		172,000
2015	4,076,438		184,784,917		42,092	5.5		171,000
2014	4,008,651		168,483,421		27,256	5.9		171,000
2013	4,009,412		147,700,000		27,552	6.2		169,000

Sources: The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" information is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

	20	23		20	14	
		Percentage of Total	-		Percentage of Total	•
Employer	<u>Employees</u>	Employment	-	Employees	Employment	-
Banner Health	28,740	1.56	%	24,825	1.36	%
State of Arizona	25,640	1.39		49,800	2.74	
Walmart Inc	20,080	1.09		30,634	1.68	
Amazon	18,780	1.02				
Fry's Food Stores	15,620	0.85				
Wells Fargo & Co	13,960	0.76		13,308	0.73	
Maricopa County	12,730	0.69		12,792	0.70	
Intel Corporation	11,810	0.64				
Arizona State University	11,360	0.62		11,185	0.61	
City of Phoenix	10,430	0.57		15,100	0.83	
Bank of America				13,300	0.73	
Raytheon Co.				11,500	0.63	
Apollo Group			_	11,000	0.60	
Total	169,150	9.19	%	193,444	10.61	<u>.</u> %
Total employment	1,845,910			1,819,800		

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa Association of Governments.

Note: The principal employers were not available for the District alone, therefore, the principal employers for Maricopa County are presented.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30						
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Supervisory							
Consultants/supervisors of instruction	19	21	21	21	15		
Principals	25	25	24	24	24		
Assistant principals	32	31	31	31	30		
Total supervisory	76	77	76	76	69		
Instruction					_		
Teachers	1,204	1,207	1,247	1,288	1,240		
Aides	203	195	191	240	225		
Total instruction	1,407	1,402	1,438	1,528	1,465		
Student Services							
Librarians					4		
Technicians	4	4	4	4	4		
Total student services	4	4	4	4	8		
Support and Administration					_		
Other classified	815	785	780	780	710		
Total support and administration	815	785	780	780	710		
Total	2,302	2,268	2,298	2,388	2,252		

(Continued)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Supervisory					
Consultants/supervisors of instruction	14	13	10	13	14
Principals	23	23	23	23	23
Assistant principals	31	29	30	28	29
Total supervisory	68	65	63	64	66
Instruction					_
Teachers	1,231	1,233	1,170	1,312	1,298
Aides	217	200	168	175	173
Total instruction	1,448	1,433	1,338	1,487	1,471
Student Services			_		<u>.</u>
Librarians	4	4	13	14	14
Technicians	4	4	4	4	3_
Total student services	8	8	17	18	17
Support and Administration					
Other classified	670	659	656	697	755
Total support and administration	670	659	656	697	755
Total	2,194	2,165	2,074	2,266	2,309

Source: The source of this information is District personnel records.

(Concluded)

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Average Daily Membership	Operating Expenditures	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	 Expenses	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Free/Reduced Students
2023	21,798	\$ 253,809,535	\$ 11,644	7.41 %	\$ 283,963,541	\$ 13,027	7.55 %	1,407	15.5	48.0 %
2022	22,164	240,262,741	10,840	6.92	268,455,004	12,112	4.89	1,402	15.8	36.4
2021	21,983	222,869,068	10,138	12.77	253,857,393	11,548	12.85	1,438	15.3	49.0
2020	22,845	205,382,259	8,990	6.91	233,773,613	10,233	13.92	1,528	15.0	49.0
2019	22,857	192,206,893	8,409	10.07	205,315,749	8,983	9.11	1,465	15.6	51.0
2018	23,523	179,718,339	7,640	2.86	193,655,842	8,233	1.94	1,448	16.2	52.0
2017	23,857	177,205,518	7,428	9.49	192,675,333	8,076	7.22	1,433	16.6	51.0
2016	24,044	163,112,198	6,784	0.72	181,117,142	7,533	(3.57)	1,338	18.0	52.0
2015	25,073	168,880,886	6,736	(3.94)	195,852,587	7,811	(2.61)	1,487	16.9	48.0
2014	24,651	172,849,261	7,012	1.01	197,720,879	8,021	0.69	1,471	16.8	47.9

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

Dysart Unified School District No. 89 Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
Schools										
Elementary										
Buildings	39	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
Square feet	1,762,312	1,992,198	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998	1,988,998
Capacity	17,500	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582	21,582
Enrollment	12,063	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,302	18,192
Middle										
Buildings	12									
Square feet	392,797									
Capacity	4,082									
Enrollment	2,269									
High										
Buildings	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Square feet	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024	1,154,024
Capacity	9,838	5,934	5,934	5,934	5,934	8,984	8,984	8,984	8,984	8,984
Enrollment	8,040	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,726	7,940
Other										
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Square feet	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342	97,342
Administrative										
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square feet	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276	88,276
Transportation										
Garages	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Buses	140	142	152	152	152	152	152	154	154	156
<u>Athletics</u>										
Football fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Soccer fields	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Running tracks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Playgrounds	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21

Source: The source of this information is the District's facilities records.